Table (1): Steroid response pattern and its relation to age, sex, initial hematuria and initial hypertension in studied patients

| | Steroid response | | | | P-value | Total | |
| | Steroid sensitive | | Steroid resistant | | | | |
Variables	No	%	No	%		No	%
Frequency	61	79.2%	16	20.8%		77	100%
Age groups							
1-6 years	41	74.5%	14	25.5%		55	71.4%
6-12 years	19	100%	0	0		19	24.7%
12-15 year	1	33.3%	2	66.7%		3	3.9%
Sex					0.893		
Males	37	78.7%	10	21.3%		47	61%
Females	24	80%	6	20%		30	39%
Hematuria	12	19.7%	8	50%	0.019	20	26%
Hypertension	5	8.2%	9	56.2%	0.000	14	18.2%

Out of **61** steroid sensitive patients, **5 (8.2%)** had no or only one relapse, **21 (34.**

Table (2): Histopathology in relation to clinical profile and steroid response

| | Histopathology | | | | | | |
| | FSGS | | MCD | | MesPGN | | Total |
Variables	No	%	No	%	No	%	
Frequency	11	42%	10	39%	5	19%	26
Age groups							
1-6 years	8	45%	6	33%	4	22%	18
6-12 years	1	16%	4	68%	1	16%	6
12-15 year	2	100%	0	0	0	0	2
Sex							
Males	5	33%	7	47%	3	20%	15
Females	6	55%	3	27%	2	18%	11
Hematuria	7	45%	4	40%	4	80%	15
Gross	1	9%	0	0	1	20%	2
Microscopic	4	36%	4	40%	3	60%	13
Hypertension	8	73%	1	10%	2	40%	11
Renal impairment	2	18%	0	0	0	0	2
Steroid resistance	9	82%	4	40%	3	60%	16
Persistent proteinuria	7	64%	3	30%	0	0	10

Table (3): Histopathological spectrum in the various studies

Studies	Histopathological patterns					
	MCD	FSGS	MesPGN	MPGN	MN	Others
Our study (Upper Egypt)	39%	42%	19%	0	0	0
Kaddah et al, 2011[8] (Lower Egypt)	35%	30%	37%	0	3%	0
Bakr et al, 2014[9] (Lower Egypt)	54.3%	16.2%	23.7%	5.3%	0.5	0
Kari, 2002[29] (Saudia Arabia)	15%	35%	20%	30%	0	0
Asinobi et al, 2015[30] (Nigeria)	19%	47.6%	0	19%	0	14.4%
Mortazavi et al, 2011[13] (Iran)	40.8%	32.7%	26.5%	0	0	0
Mubarak et al, 2009[31] (Pakistan)	43.8%	38.1%	4.8%	3.1%	7.9%	1.5%
Arif et al, 2016[28] (India)	25%	46.8%	5.3%	5.3%	14.7%	2.6%
Zhou et al, 2014[16] (China)	11.5%	16.5%	48.2%	4.6%	3.6%	15.6%